Towards Intelligence on the Edge: Restructuring Computing to Enable the Next Generation of the IoT

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September 25th, 2018





Microsoft

About the Speaker

- Started at Duke University in July 2018
- Previously:
 - Associate Research Scholar, Princeton University, Electrical Engineering
 - > Ph.D. Columbia University, Electrical Engineering

Industry positions:



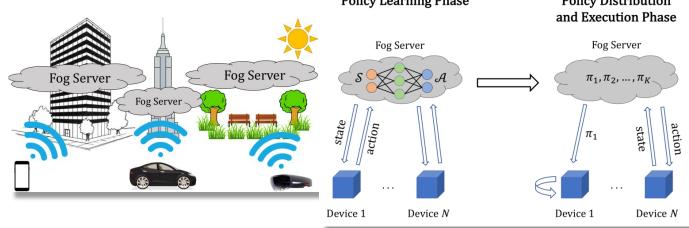






Towards Intelligence on the Edge

- Edge/fog computing
- Characterizing fog substrates
- New capabilities enabled by fog: intelligent augmented reality
 Policy Learning Phase
 Policy Distribution





Cloud: Computing in Datacenters

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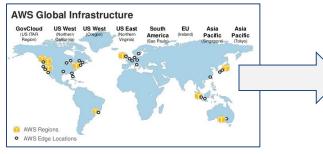
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AWS Global Infrastructure

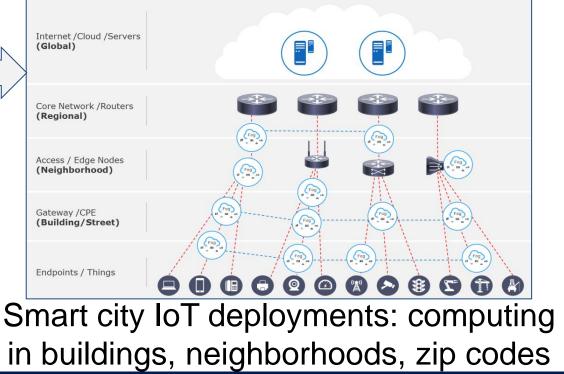


- AWS: 44 locations worldwide, MS Azure: 30
- For emerging applications: fundamental limitations in latency, bandwidth

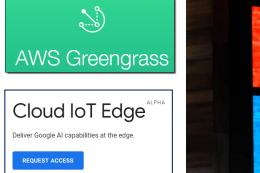
Edge/Fog: Computing Closer to the Users



 Data processing, business logic, decision-making at multiple points in the hierarchy



Important for Multiple Industries





"Most interesting part of cloud computing"

Alibaba, Intel launch joint edge computing platform

Sep. 20, 2018 10:18 AM ET | About: Alibaba Group Holding Limited (BABA) | By: Brandy Betz, SA News Editor 🎽

AT&T Foundry Powers Up Edge Computing Test Zone in Silicon Valley to Drive Innovation in 5G Era Feb. 2018

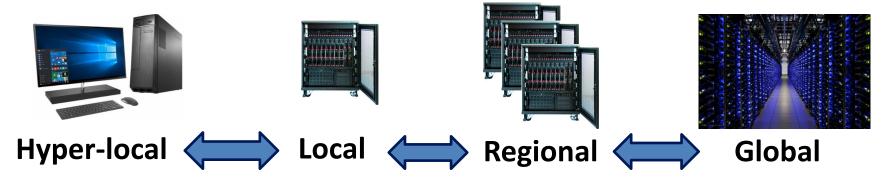
Verizon peels back curtain on edge computing, deep learning for real-time video analytics

by Mike Dano | Mar 29, 2018 12:59pm





New Interdisciplinary Research Area



- Differentiating principles: heterogeneity, hierarchy
- Layers with vastly differing capabilities

Latency, energy, reliability, cost, …

Layers working together

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 From embedded systems to cloud management to machine learning

Towards Intelligence on the Edge









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Towards Intelligence on the Edge

- Characterizing fog
- New capabilities enabled by fog: intelligent augmented reality
- P. Naghizadeh, M. Gorlatova, A. Lan, M. Chiang, On Information Sharing in Multi-Agent Learning, under submission.
- □ Y. Ruan, L. Zheng, M. Gorlatova, M. Chiang, C. Joe-Wong, The Economics of Fog Computing: Pricing Tradeoffs for Distributed Data Analytics, *Fognet and Fogonomics, Wiley*, in print, 2019.
- T. Chang, L. Zheng, M. Gorlatova, C. Gitau, C. Huang, M. Chiang, Demo: Decomposing Data Analytics in Fog Networks, ACM SenSys'17, Delft, Netherlands, Nov. 2017.
- □ IEEE 1934 Fog Computing Standard, 2018.

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Characterizing Fog: Obtaining Quantitative Understanding

• Problem:

- Quantitative performance characterizations of fog systems are currently lacking
- Goals:

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- Understand properties of fog execution points and options
- Inform task placement and decomposition algorithms

H. Inalekin, M. Gorlatova, M. Chiang, Virtualized Control over Fog: Interplay between Reliability and Latency, accepted with minor revisions to the IEEE Internet of Things Journal, 2018.

□ M. Gorlatova, H. Inalekin, M. Chiang, under double-blind review, 2018

Characterizing Fog: Execution Points

AWS

EC2, λ

Azure

Local execution



Server-, consumer- grade





On, off campus

Cloud execution



- Public cloud:
 - Processor, network sharing
 - Serverless execution



Characterizing Fog: Setup and Benchmarks

Stressing different elements

Flask Bunicorn

- > Compute, networking, storage
- > Multiple complexity levels









Measure: all components of response times (communications, computing)

2,000+ hours of measurements RAWDAD

➢ Will make available online

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Expected Tradeoffs Observed

 Edge is faster than the cloud up to a certain level of task complexity

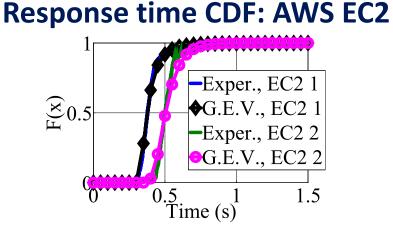
 Connections to the cloud are notably faster on-campus than in nearby residential areas



On, off campus



Suitable Execution Latency Model: Generalized Extreme Value Distribution



• Additional properties: CDF stability, ease of obtaining

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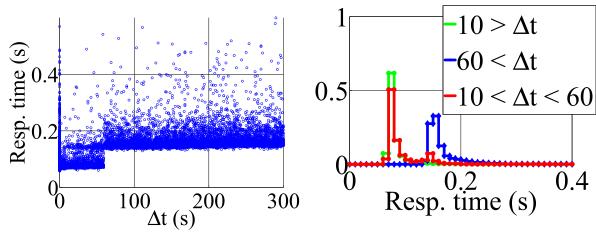
• Limitation: more complex tasks may have execution latency distributions driven by program flow variations

Serverless Execution: Properties

• Available since 2014

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- Infinite-capacity execution options
- Auto-scaling and spin-down
 - Response time depends on inter-invocation times





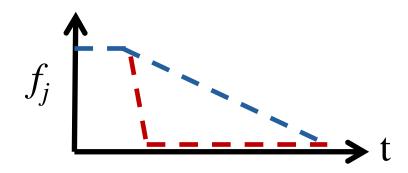


Quality-Latency Co-optimization in Execution Point Selection

- Inspired by anytime algorithms
 - $> A_{jx}$: intrinsic utility of executing task j with option x
 - \succ $f_i(t)$: utility obtained when task *j* completes in time *t*
 - Also appear in age of information approaches

$$\max U_{jx} \equiv \mathop{E}_{t}(A_{jx}f_{j}(t))$$

Subject to capacity restrictions





Ongoing Work and Next Steps

• Design of fog task allocation and restructuring algorithms



• Large-scale study of fog latency and reliability

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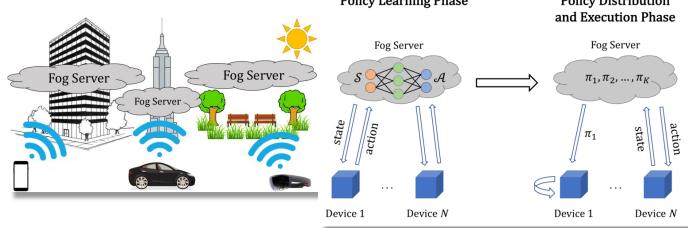
In collaboration with Duke Office of Information Technology



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Augmented Reality (AR): A Definition

 The [virtual] content is laid out around a user in the same spatial coordinates as the physical objects surrounding her/him*



*From: Baldassi et al, Challenges and New Directions in Augmented Reality, Computer Security, and Neuroscience, June 2018. Duke

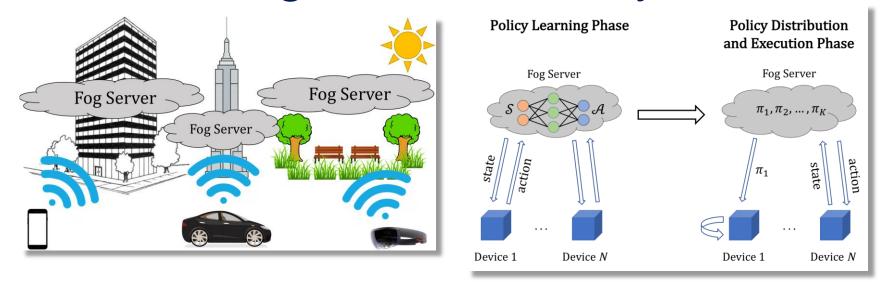
AR: Current State And Limitations

- Already: impressive immersive experiences
- Next: enabling practical mainstream AR with edge/fog
 - Set size reduction
 - Interactive multi-user experiences
 - > Intelligent behavior





Fog/Edge in Support of Intelligent Augmented Reality



S. Ahn, M. Gorlatova, P. Naghizadeh, M. Chiang, P. Mittal, Adaptive Fog-based Output Security for Augmented Reality, in Proc. ACM SIGCOMM VR/AR Network Workshop, Aug. 2018.
S. Ahn, M. Gorlatova, P. Naghizadeh, M. Chiang, under double-blind review, 2018

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Intelligent Edge for Securing AR Experiences

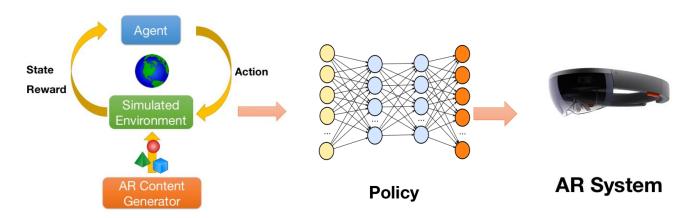


- Dangerous to block the view with holographic content
- State of the art: manually pre-specified fixed policies



Edge-Aided Approach: Automatic Generation of Security Policies

With reinforcement learning





AR Security as a Reinforcement Learning Problem

1) States: Locations of real-world objects and holograms +

sizes of bounding boxes

2) Actions: Change hologram locations & transparency

3) Reward function:

+ reward: Increasing the visibility of the real-world objects

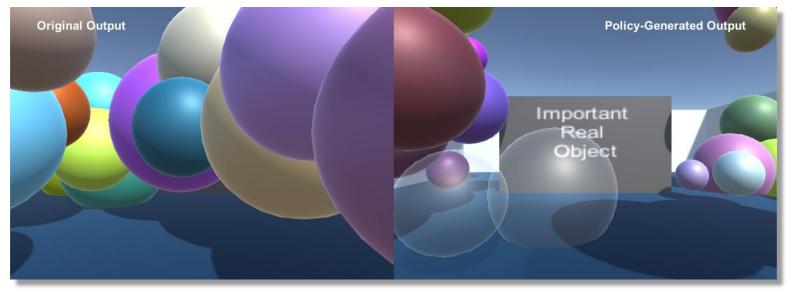
- reward: Moving holograms far from their original position



Simulation-based Training

 Unity + ML Agents SDK + TensorFlow + Proximal Policy Optimization

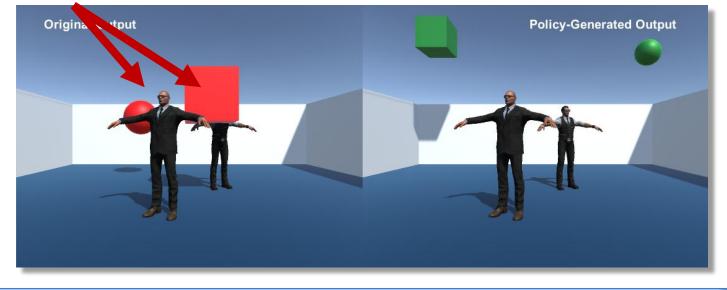






Edge-based Policy in Action

Moving Pedestrians



Above and beyond the state of non-edge-aided AR



Next Steps

- Intelligent AR: behavioral cloning for hologram positioning
- Edge-aided multi-user AR

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• Early 2019: a pilot deployment of an intelligent edge-aided AR system on Duke University campus

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Towards Intelligence on the Edge: Summary

Edge/fog computing

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- Characterizing fog substrates
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